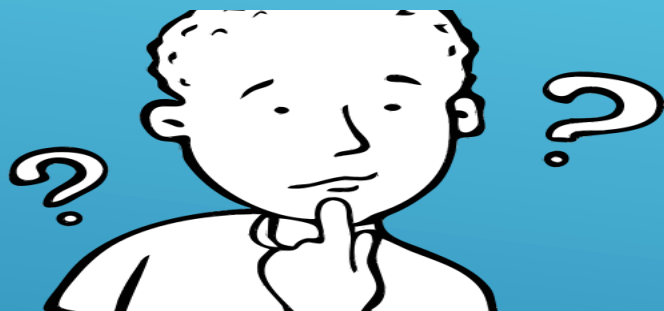


CITIZENS OF EUROPE

"It's not always the same to be a good man and a good citizen." Aristotle

Teacher: Văncica Diana-Mihaela

What is the definition of a European citizen?



Definition of the European citizen:
Every person holding the citizenship
of a Member State is an EU citizen



The road to European citizenship

Until the introduction of the concept of European citizenship, the treaties of the European Community offered guarantees on the free movement of economically active persons, but not for other persons.

1952 • The European Coal and Steel Community - established the right to free movement of workers in these industries

1958 • The treaties of Rome: the right to free movement of workers and services was introduced.

- The European Economic Community
- The European Atomic Energy Community (EURATOM)
- The European Single Act: the Single Market

1992 • Treaty on European Union - Maastricht introduced the concept of European citizenship as a separate concept

HISTORY OF EUROPEAN CITIZENSHIP

The term European citizen was established in 1992 by the Treaty on European Union.

European citizenship is added to national citizenship and does not replace it. European citizenship is automatically acquired by all citizens of EU member states and offers individuals certain rights and privileges in the EU.

EU citizenship entails more rights and obligations (duties) than national citizenship.

Because every citizen of a community must enjoy rights, the EU Charter of Fundamental Rights was adopted at the Nice European Council in December 2000.

Now the E.Z has 28 member states

- 1.Austria
- 2.Belgium
- 3.Bulgaria
- 4.Croatia
- 5.Cyprus
- 6.Czech Republic
- 7.Denmark
- 8.Estonia
- 9.Finland
- 10.France
- 11.Germany
- 12.Greece
- 13.Hungary

- 14.Ireland
- 15.Italy
- 16.Latvia
- 17.Lithuania
- 18.Luxembourg
- 19.Malta
- 20.Netherlands
- 21.Poland
- 22.Portugal
- 23.Romania
- 24.Slovakia
- 25.Slovenia
- 26.Spain

- 27.Sweden



24 official languages

_Български
Čeština
dansk
Deutsch
eesti keel
Ελληνικά
English
Español

français
Gaeilge
hrvatski
Italiano
latviešu valoda
lietuvių kalba
magyar
Malti

Nederlands
polski
Português
Română
slovenčina
Slovenščina
suomi
svenska



The right to vote and to stand as a candidate in elections to the European Parliament and in local elections in the State of residence

The right to petition the European Parliament or the right to appeal to the European Ombudsman

The right to free movement in the other Member States of the Union

Being a Eurasian citizen means!

The right to benefit from the territory of a third State of consular protection from the diplomatic authorities of another Member State

The right to address and appeal to the EU institutions in one of the official languages



CHARTER OF FUNDAMENTAL RIGHTS OF THE U.E.

Adopted as a recommendation and reference text in Nice in December 2000. With the Treaty of Lisbon, the 2009 Charter of Fundamental Rights becomes legally binding.

The ensemble of civil, political, economic and social rights of European citizens and of all persons living on the territory of the U. E

The goal

Protecting the fundamental rights of individuals in relation to actions taken by EU institutions and Member States in implementing Union treaties

Content

54 articles, grouped into seven chapters

